



BHAGWAN MAHAVEER PUBLIC SR SEC SCHOOL BANGA

Happowal Road Banga

ACCOUNTANCY SAMPLE PAPER

Class 11 - Accountancy

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 96

Section A

1. On 1 April 2001, Pankaj wants to buy a building for business purpose. Which of the following is the relevant information for him? [1]
 - a) In the year 2001 same type of a firm purchased the building for Rs.55,00,000
 - b) Building cost details of 1998
 - c) Similar building cost 10 years back
 - d) Building cost details of 2003
2. You are a senior accountant of Ram Enterprises Limited. You would take three steps to make your company's financial statements understandable and decision-useful except: [1]
 - a) Comparability
 - b) Understanding
 - c) Inconsistency
 - d) Reliability
3. Under which system of accounting transactions is recorded in the books of accounts on the receipt/payment of cash: [1]
 - a) Cash Basis
 - b) Profit basis
 - c) Money basis
 - d) Accrual basis

OR

Which statement is false regarding the conservatism principle:

- A. Losses should not be anticipated; however, all profits should be accounted
- B. Provision for discount to debtors, provision for doubtful bad debts etc. based on the conservatism
- C. Helps the business to deal with uncertainty and unforeseen conditions

- a) (A)
 - b) None of these
 - c) (C)
 - d) (B)
4. According to Revenue Recognition Concept of accounting, we do not record: [1]
 - a) Sale or purchase on credit
 - b) Hire purchase
 - c) Order received for goods
 - d) Long term construction contract
5. When money is withdrawn from the bank, the bank _____ the account of the customer. [1]
 - a) both debit and credit
 - b) debit
 - c) none of these
 - d) credit

OR

Any decrease in the bank balance is recorded on _____ side of Cash Book and in _____ Column of Pass

- (ii) Wages paid to workers for the installation of new Machinery should be debited to wages account.

Section C

18. Fill in the blanks: [1]

- (i) The _____ is responsible to charge GST on sale made by him and deposit it in the Government Account.

Section D

19. Match the following: [1]

Column A	Column B
(a) Posting	(i) Matching the debit and credit totals of column
(b) casting	(ii) Process of recording transaction in books of original entry
(c) Tallying	(iii) Posting entries from journal to ledger
(d) Journalising	(iv) Totaling of sales and purchase book

Section E

20. Accounting provides qualitative information about the financial transactions which are useful in making economic decisions. Accounting collects, records, classifies, and summarises the financial information which is communicated to its users. In the same context explain any three external users of accounting. [3]

21. When should revenue be recognised? Are there exceptions to the general rule? [3]

OR

Name the accounting concept or convention associated with the following

- i. Assets are recorded at cost, irrespective of the market price.
- ii. Life of a business should be divided into smaller periods.
- iii. Accounting transactions should be free from bias of accountants and others.

22. Prepare Journal entries of the following posting in the Ledger accounts:- [3]

i.

CASH ACCOUNT

Dr.			Cr.
	₹		₹
To Sales	5,000		

ii.

FURNITURE ACCOUNT

			₹
To Cash	8,000		

iii.

PURCHASES ACCOUNT

Dr.			Cr.
	₹		₹
To Govind	10,000		

iv.

MURARI

Dr.			Cr.
	₹		₹

		By Purchases A/c	12,000
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v. **SALES ACCOUNT**

Dr.			Cr.
	₹		₹
		By Mohan	500

vi. **INTEREST ACCOUNT**

Dr.			Cr.
	₹		₹
		By Cash A/c	15,000

OR

Give any three points distinguishing between a journal and a ledger?

23. An asset was purchased for Rs.5,00,000. Another Rs.5,000 were incurred for freight and transportation. [3]
Installation expenses amounted to Rs.20,000 and commission paid on purchases to agent 5% of cost of assets.
What is the cost to be recognised in books for the purpose of depreciation?
24. What is Contra Entry? How will you recognize it from among other entries in Cash Book? [3]
25. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Harpreet Bros: [3]
- 10,000 due from Rohit is now bad debts.
 - Goods worth ₹ 20,000 were used by the proprietor.
 - Charge depreciation @10% p.a. for two months on a machine costing ₹ 3,00,000.
 - Provide interest on capital of ₹15,00,000 at 6% p.a. for 9 months.
 - Rahul who owed us ₹ 20,000 becomes insolvent and a final dividend of 60 paise in a rupee is received from his estate by cheque.
 - Goods costing ₹ 80,000 sold to Mohan for ₹ 1,00,000.
26. Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement from the following particulars and show the balance as per Cash Book [4]
- Balance as per Pass Book on 31st March 2018 overdrawn Rs.10,000.
 - Cheques drawn in the last week of March 2018 but not cleared till 3rd April 2018 Rs.20,000.
 - Interest on Bank overdraft not entered in the Cash Book Rs.1,500.
 - Cheques of Rs.20,000 deposited in the bank in March 2018 but not collected and credited till 3rd April 2018.
 - Rs.100 Insurance Premium paid by the bank under a standing order has not been entered in the Cash Book.
 - A draft of Rs.10,000 favouring Atul & Co. was issued by the bank charging commission of Rs.200.
However, in the Cash Book entry was passed by Rs.10,000.
27. From the following information, draw up a Trial Balance in the books of Shri Haridas Chaki as on 31st March, 2019: [4]
Capital ₹ 1,40,000; Purchases ₹ 36,000; Discount Allowed ₹1,200; Carriage Inwards ₹ 8,700; Carriage Outwards ₹ 2,300; Sales ₹ 60,000; Returns Inward ₹ 300; Returns Outward ₹ 700; Rent and Taxes ₹ 1,200; Plant and Machinery ₹ 80,700; Stock on 1st April, 2018 ₹ 15,500; Sundry Debtors ₹ 20,200; Sundry Creditors ₹ 12,000; Investments ₹ 3,600; Commission Received ₹ 1,800; Cash in Hand ₹ 100; Cash at Bank ₹ 10,100; Motorcycle ₹ 34,600 and Stock on 31st March, 2019 (adjusted) ₹ 20,500.
28. Prove that the accounting equation is satisfied in all the following transactions of Sudhir:- [4]

- i. Started business with Cash ₹50,000 and goods ₹20,000.
- ii. Bought goods for Cash ₹15,000 and on credit for ₹10,000.
- iii. Goods Costing ₹24,000 sold at a profit of $33\frac{1}{3}\%$. Half the payment received in cash.
- iv. Purchased furniture for office use ₹6,000 and for household use of Sudhir ₹4,000.

29. Enter the following transaction in the Purchase Book of Pawan Electric Store, New Delhi assuming CGST @ 6% and SGST @ 6%. [4]

2017	
June 2	Purchased goods from Surya Electric Store, Chandni Chowk, Delhi on credit (Invoice No. 480):-
	40 Tubelights @ ₹500 each
	15 Table Fans @ ₹2,000 each
	Trade Discount 20%
10	Bought goods from New Light Traders, Cannught Place, New Delhi on credit (Invoice No. 2310):-
	10 Ceiling Fans @ ₹3,000 each
	20 Electric Irons @ ₹500 each
	Trade Discount 10%
20	Purchase goods from Ravindra Electric Co., Patel Nagar, New Delhi on credit (Invoice No. 1508):-
	100 Dozen Bulbs @ ₹600 per Dozen
	20 Water Heaters @ ₹1,000 each
	Less: Trade Discount 25%
22	Bought from Sunny Lamp, Lajpat Nagar, New Delhi for cash (Invoice No. 705):-
	5 Electric Irons @ ₹480 each
28	Bought from Fashion Furniture Co., Chitra Gupta Road, New Delhi on credit (Invoice No. 3450):-
	12 Chairs @ ₹1,500 each
	2 Tables @ ₹8,000 each

30. Explain any three of the following with examples. [6]
- i. Money Measurement Concept
 - ii. Principle of full Discloser
 - iii. Accounting Standards
 - iv. Principle of Dual Aspect

31. The Sameer Transport Company purchased 10 Trucks at ₹90,000 each on 1 st April 2011. On 1 st October 2013 one of the Trucks was involved in an accident and is completely destroyed. ₹56,200 was received from the Insurance company in full settlement. On the same date another truck was purchased by the company for the sum of ₹1,00,000. The company writes off 20% per annum on the Diminishing Balance Method. The company maintains the calendar year as its financial year. Show the Truck Account for four years ending 31st December, 2014. [6]

32. Prepare Two-column Cash Book of Tarun, Kanpur from the following transactions: [6]

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2019	
April 1	Cash in Hand ₹ 1,200; Overdraft at bank ₹ 15,000.
April 3	Capital introduced ₹ 20,000 out of which ₹ 16,000 is by cheque and is deposited in the bank.
April 4	Purchased goods from Shyam Traders, Lucknow for ₹ 3,000 plus CGST and SGST @ 6 % each and they allowed a trade discount ₹ 200. The amount was paid by cheque.
April 4	Goods purchased for cash ₹ 4,000 plus CGST and SGST @ 6 % each.
April 5	Sold goods to Mohan on credit ₹ 5,000 plus CGST and SGST @ 6 % each.
April 6	Received cheque from Rakesh ₹ 2,450 after allowing him a discount of ₹ 50.
April 10	Cheque received from Rakesh deposited into the bank.
April 11	Settled the account of Tej Printers ₹ 750 by paying cash ₹ 680.
April 12	Cash received from Mohan ₹ 4,750 in full settlement of his account of ₹ 5,000.
April 16	Received ₹ 1,000 from Param, whose account of ₹ 2,000 was written off as bad debts earlier.
April 17	Received from Murli on behalf of Manohar ₹ 200.
April 19	Received a cheque for ₹ 800 from Mukesh, which was endorsed to Nitin.
April 20	Sold old furniture for ₹ 700 plus CGST and SGST @ 6% each, the payment received in cash.
April 25	Withdrawn from bank ₹ 3,000.
April 25	Drew from bank for household expenses ₹ 1,000 and for income tax ₹ 500.
April 28	Surendra who owed ₹ 400 became bankrupt and paid 60 paise in a rupee.
April 28	Received repayment of a loan advanced to Ram ₹ 3,000 and deposited out of it ₹ 2,500 into the bank.
April 30	Interest debited by bank ₹ 375.

April 30	Deposited with bank the balance after retaining ₹ 2,000 at the office.
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33. **The following balances were extracted from the books of Siddarth** [6]

31st December 2013.

Name of Account	Amt(Rs)	Name of Account	Amt(Rs)
Stock at the beginning	82,000	Purchases	4,40,000
Rent	19,200	Sales	5,60,000
Salary	40,000	Returns (debit)	12,000
Bad debts	800	Returns (credit)	4,000
Provision for doubtful debts	6,000	Carriage inward	7,000
Travelling expenses	2,800	Carriage outward	1,000
Insurance premium	3,600	Capital	3,50,000
Proprietor's withdrawals	8,000	Loan (credit)	40,000
Telephone charges	14,600	Sales tax collected	6,000
Printing and advertising	10,000	Debtors	80,000
Commission (Credit)	12,000	Creditors	48,000
Rent from sublet	9,600	Investment	10,000
Land and building	2,80,000	Interest on investments	1,200
Furniture	20,000		
Cash	5,800		

Prepare trading and profit and loss account for the year and a balance sheet as on 31st December 2013 after taking into account the following.

- i. The stock was valued at Rs 1,50,000 on 31st December 2013. You are informed that a fire occurred on 28th December 2013 in the godown and stock of the value of Rs 20,000 was destroyed. Insurance company admitted a claim of 75%.
- ii. One-third of the commission received is in respect of work to be done next year.
- iii. Create a provision of 5% for doubtful debts.
- iv. 50% of printing and advertising is to be carried forward as a charge in the following year.
- v. Rs 1,800 is due for interest on a loan.
- vi. Provide for managers commission at 10% on net profit before charging such commission.

34. Journalise the following transactions: [6]

- i. Bought goods for Rs 5,000 plus CGST and SGTS @ 6% each.
- ii. Sold goods to Mehtab for Rs 50,000, charged CGST and SGST @ 6% each.
- iii. Sold goods to Arpana for Rs 60,000 against cheque, charged IGST @ 12%
- iv. Computer purchased by Atul & Co., Delhi for office use from HP Ltd., Greater Noida (UP) for Rs 50,000 plus IGST @ 12%, payment made by cheque.

v. Paid Telephone bill of Rs 5,000 plus CGST and SGST @ 6% each.

vi. Goods that were purchased paying CGST and SGST @ 6% each costing Rs 1000 given as charity.

35. Following was the position of Harish & Co. as on 1st April, 2017:

[6]

Cash in Hand ₹ 10,000; Cash at Bank ₹ 16,800; Furniture ₹ 8,000; Stock ₹ 50,000; Debtors - Ram ₹ 8,000; Shyam ₹ 12,000; Creditors - Anil ₹ 4,000; Sunil ₹ 5,000.

Following transactions took place during April, 2017:

2017	
April 2	Received a cheque from Ram in full settlement of his account after deducting 5% cash discount.
April 4	Deposited the above cheque into Bank.
April 5	Goods purchased for ₹ 20,000 at 10% trade discount and 5% cash discount. Payment made by cheque.
April 6	Received a cheque from Shyam for ₹ 3,860 and discount allowed to him ₹ 140. Cheque deposited into the bank on the same day.
April 10	Cash paid to Anil after deducting 2% cash discount.
April 15	Old furniture sold for ₹ 800.
April 16	Sold goods to Shiv Parshad of the list price of ₹ 10,000 at a trade discount of 15%.
April 18	Shiv Parshad returned goods of the list price of ₹ 1,000.
April 20	Paid for furniture repairs to Bahadur Singh ₹ 100.
April 25	Received a cheque from Shiv Parshad after deducting 4% cash discount. Cheque was deposited into bank.
April 28	Bank charged ₹ 50 for 'Bank Charges'.
April 30	Received Commission ₹ 200.

36. A Trial Balance showed excess credit of ₹2,728, which were placed in a suspense account. Later on the following errors were located. Pass rectifying entries and prepare Suspense A/c.

[6]

- i. ₹825, the total of purchase return book has been posted to the debit of sales return account.
- ii. Goods purchased from Suresh ₹1,800 recorded in Sales Book as ₹180
- iii. An item of ₹328 written off as a bad debt from Ajay Sharma has not been debited to Bad Debts Account.
- iv. Goods purchased from X ₹3,500 and from Y ₹4,000, but were recorded in the purchase book as X ₹4,000 and Y ₹3,500
- v. Goods returned to Ramesh for ₹2,600 was correctly recorded in the return outward book but was wrongly posted to his account as ₹260
- vi. A sum of ₹2,210 stolen by an ex-employee stand debited to Suspense A/c.
- vii. A sum of ₹500 written off as depreciation on Machinery, were not posted to the Machinery account.



BHAGWAN MAHAVEER PUBLIC SR SEC SCHOOL BANGA

Happowal Road Banga

SAMPLE PAPER BUSINESS STUDIES (FINAL)

Class 11 - Business Studies

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 86

1. The industries which provide support services to other industries are known as [1]
 - a) Secondary industries
 - b) Primary industries
 - c) Commercial industries
 - d) Tertiary industries
2. Differentiate between the following activities into business, profession and Employment. [1]
 - i. Mohan is selling books on behalf of his employer.
 - ii. Reeta is practising law or doing legal practice.
 - iii. Rattan is running his private clinic.
 - iv. A cart-vendor is selling toys in a fair.
3. What are the main reasons behind the slow growth in the Size of Sole Proprietorship firms? [1]
 - a) Unlimited liability
 - b) Limited resources
 - c) All of these
 - d) Limited managerial ability
4. **Assertion (A):** The eldest member of a Hindu Undivided Family is called Karta. [1]
Reason (R): All other members, having equal ownership right over the ancestral property are known as coparceners.
 - a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - c) A is true but R is false.
 - d) A is false but R is true.
5. The principle of indemnity is not applicable to which of the following: [1]
 - a) All of these
 - b) Marine Insurance
 - c) Fire Insurance
 - d) Life Insurance
6. Here, parties involved in the electronic transactions are from within a given business firm, hence the name is [1]
_____.
 - a) Intra-B commerce
 - b) Intra-C commerce
 - c) Intra-D commerce
 - d) Intra-A commerce
7. Why is it in the long-term interest of a business to assume social responsibility? [1]
8. List sources of raising long-term and short term finance. [1]
9. Ragni has set up a unit to create various types of fashion jewelry like necklaces, earrings, and bracelets that are innovatively designed and based on the latest fashion trends. Her total investment in Plant & Machinery is Rs. 7 crores. Under what category will Ragni's business be placed as per the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006. [1]

investors in America and other European countries. Since this source was concerned with a very big area, the number of people who took an interest in it was also large. One of the Indian representatives threw light on the special characteristics of this source. His presentation was appreciated by one and all. In the final session of the seminar, the discussion took place on such a source as could be used only in America. In other words, through the use of this source, the capital could be obtained only from the investors in America. At the end of the seminar, the organizers thanked all the guests and the seminar came to a successful conclusion.

In the above paragraph, three financial sources were discussed. Quoting the relevant lines identify those sources.

18. **Safe Drink India Private Limited** is a famous company in the field of its own industry. It packs its drink material in bottles of a special shape. The customers continue to like the shape of the bottle. The company wants that no other company should copy the shape of its bottle. What suggestion would you give to the company? [3]
19. State True or False: [3]
- (i) Government Company is established under a special Act of the Parliament.
 - (ii) The insurance of cargo is known Hull Insurance.
 - (iii) Import trade to gain access to advanced technology.
20. Explain the four advantages of being a MNC. [4]

OR

Write the merits of departmental undertakings.

21. Raj and Simran are childhood friends. After completing their education they choose to pursue businesses of different nature. Raj has decided to set up a travel agency whereas Simran plans to establish a small manufacturing unit to produce paper made handicraft items. In the context of the above case: [4]
- a. Identify the basic nature of the market offerings that both Raj and Simran plan to create through their respective businesses.
 - b. Give any four differences between the concepts identified in part (a) of the question.

OR

Explain briefly the principles of insurance with suitable examples.

22. What do you mean by e-business? What is the difference between e-business and e-commerce? [4]
23. Bhardwaj Medicines is a partnership Firm. Sachin and Mona are two partners in this firm. It is recorded in the Partnership Deed that Sachin's liability is unlimited, whereas Mona's, is limited. Sachin wants to set up the Anti-pollution plant in his factory, but Mona does not let him do so. Almost all the transactions of this firm are done through the electronic medium, the internet. The speciality of this firm is that it sells its goods to the other Business Units only. The firm gets its Research and Development work done by another firm. That other firm has a specialization in Research and Development. [4]

Study the above-stated paragraph and answer the questions given below:

- i. Describe the type of partnership.
 - ii. Identify the unethical behaviour of the firm and tell which two values are being overlooked.
 - iii. What sort of e-business is being done by the firm?
 - iv. Tell the name of the process under which the specialisation of the other firm is being availed of?
24. What do you understand by Intellectual Property Rights? Explain. [4]

OR

Write any two ways to fund a startup.

25. Mohit, Shobhit and Ragini, all the three are students of 10+1(Commerce). The three are studying in different schools. All three are neighbours. It was their routine to discuss in the evening the studies done in their [4]

respective schools daily. Because of this habit, their knowledge of all the subjects was more than the other students. They used to discuss the subject, Business Studies a lot among themselves. Some parts of the discussion that they had one day were as the following:

Mohit said: Today, their teacher told them about such business as, because of often unequal distribution of resources, and a difference in the cost of production, is done. Besides, he also told them that the payment in this business is done in the foreign currency.

Shobhit said: Today, our teacher told us about such a business with which we can use the products of better quality make with a foreign technique. Doing so would bring about a newness in our standard of living.

Ragini said: Our teacher told us about a such business as is very helpful to those businessmen for whose products the local demand has become stagnant. In other words, they have much more capable of production than the local demand, and there seems to be no scope for the increase in the local demand in future.

- i. Around what type of business is the discussion done in the above paragraph moving?
- ii. What do the three friends want to tell about the business identified in (i)?
- iii. Write about two points told by Mohit and one each of what is told by Shobhit and Ragini.

26. Fill in the blanks:

[5]

- (i) Government company has not less than _____ percent Private Participation.
- (ii) _____ transactions have business firms at one end and its customers on the other end.
- (iii) _____ created by the running of vehicles and factories is not just a source of annoyance but also a serious health hazard.
- (iv) Public deposits are the deposits that are raised directly from _____.
- (v) The establishment of the National Small Industries Corporation Ltd. was done in the form of an enterprise of the Central Government in the year _____.

27. Ram is a marginal farmer whatever he produces, he uses for his family consumption and does not generate any market surplus to buy the seeds and fertilizers he has taken a loan from Agriculture credit society. Because of heavy rainfall and storms, his crop is totally destroyed. He suffered a huge loss and to repay the loan he has started working on a Zamindar's farm.

[6]

- i. In reference to the above paragraph identify the economic activity Ram is engaged in?
- ii. Name the cause of risk Ram suffered.
- iii. Can Ram be called as a businessman? Give your views in support of the answer.

28. A syndicate of three persons namely, Akanksha, Ann, and Devesh was formed to purchase the Tech Solutions Company and to promote and register a company to which the Tech Solutions Company property was to be resold. At that time the Tech Solutions Company was in a bad shape. The syndicate first bought the debentures of the Tech Solutions Company at a discount. Then they brought the company for Rs. 44,00,000. Out of this money, provided by them, the debentures were repaid in full and a profit of Rs. 40,000 was made thereon. They promoted a new company and sold Tech Solutions Company to it for Rs. 54,00,000. The profit of Rs. 10,00,000 was revealed in the prospectus, but not the profit of Rs. 40,000. It was held that the profit of Rs. 40,000 was a secret profit made by the syndicate as promoters of the company.

[6]

In the context of the above case answer the following questions:

- a. 'Promoters of a company enjoy a fiduciary position with the company, which they must not misuse.' Explain with reference to the above case.
- b. What course of action can the company take in the event of non-disclosure of any secret profits made by the promoters?

29. Ankit Electricals Ltd. has been successfully manufacturing electrical accessories for the past ten years. As the profit margin is good, the company has been managing all the financial requirements of the business through the profits reinvested in the business. Identify the source of finance being mentioned in the given case and state its four merits. **[6]**

OR

Hitesh started his business with a small sweet shop in Delhi under the name 'Swad'. Over the years his business grew manifold, by the word of mouth, and gradually became a household name in the savories and sweets segment. Recently, he procured a big export order. Although the exporter has promised to make some advance payments, Hitesh would still need more funds to meet the increased working capital requirements.

- a. Suggest any two sources through which Hitesh can raise funds to meet the increased working capital requirements of his business.
 - b. Give any two merits for each of the suggested sources of funds.
30. Itinerant traders have been an integral part of internal trade in India. Analyse the reasons for their survival in spite of competition from large scale retailers. **[6]**

OR

What are the services offered by retailers to wholesalers and consumers?

Class - 11th
Model Test Paper
Subject - Economics
Subject Code - 030

One mark questions

1. In a centrally planned economy, all the economic decisions are taken by the:
 - (a) Consumers
 - (b) Government
 - (c) Market forces
 - (d) Capitalists
2. Economics is:
 - (a) The study of stocks and bond market
 - (b) Mainly the study of business firms
 - (c) The problem of choice under scarcity
 - (d) The study of management decisions
3. Opportunity cost is:
 - (a) The additional benefit of buying an additional unit of a product
 - (b) The cost incurred in the past before we make a decision about what to do in future
 - (c) A cost that is borne in terms of discomfort and pain while supplying factors of production
 - (d) That which we forgo, or give up, while making a choice or a decision
4. According to law of diminishing marginal utility, while eating cake the satisfaction derived from the second slice of it consumed is:
 - (a) Greater than the consumption of first slice
 - (b) Less than the consumption of first slice
 - (c) Not comparable to that from the first
 - (d) Equal to that from the first
5. What causes rightward shift in the demand curve?
 - (a) Fall in the price of the good
 - (b) Fall in the price of substitute good
 - (c) Fall in the price of complementary good
 - (d) Both (b) and (c)
6. Whenever marginal product is less than average product, the average product must be:
 - (a) Rising
 - (b) Falling
 - (c) Equal to marginal product
 - (d) None of the above

7. At any given point of output, the difference between total cost and total fixed cost is:
 - (a) Equal to marginal cost
 - (b) Equal to average variable cost
 - (c) Zero in the short run
 - (d) Total variable cost
8. In the short run, when a firm produces zero output, its total cost is equal to:
 - (a) Zero
 - (b) Variable cost
 - (c) Fixed cost
 - (d) Marginal cost
9. For a perfectly competitive market, price would be equivalent to:
 - (a) Average revenue
 - (b) Marginal revenue
 - (c) Total revenue
 - (d) Both (a) and (b)
10. Other things being constant, there exists _____ relationship between price and quantity supplied.
 - (a) Direct
 - (b) Negative
 - (c) Proportionate
 - (d) Cannot be explained

Or

A manufacturer supplies good in such a way that if the price rises by 10%, they are prepared to supply 15% more. In this case, elasticity will be best described as:

- (a) Inelastic
- (b) More than unitary elastic
- (c) Perfectly elastic
- (d) Unitary elastic

Three marks questions

11. Explain any three properties of indifference curve.

Or

What is Budget Line? What are its properties?

12. An individual is both the owner and the manager of the shop taken on rent. Identify the implicit cost and explicit costs from this information. Explain.

Four marks questions

13. Explain how rise in income of a consumer affects the demand of a good. Give example.

Or

The market demand for a good at ₹ 4 per unit is 100 units. The price rises and as a result its market demand falls to 75 units. Find out the new price if the price elasticity of demand of that good is 1.

14. What is producer equilibrium? Explain it with the help of a table and a diagram.
15. What is perfect competition? Explain any 3 features of perfect competition.

Six marks questions

16. What is Law of variable proportions? Explain with the help of a table and a diagram.
17. What will happen to the equilibrium price and equilibrium quantity when increase in demand is greater than decrease in supply?
Or
What will happen to the equilibrium price and equilibrium quantity when decrease in demand is greater than increase in supply?

Part B -Statistics

18. In relation to the means to satisfy them, human wants are always _____.
- (a) Meagre
 - (b) Scarce
 - (c) Sufficient
 - (d) Unlimited
19. Which of the following statement does not hold true as one of the characteristic of statistics?
- (a) Statistics are aggregates of facts.
 - (b) Statistics can be affected even by individual variable
 - (c) Statistics are collected in a systematic manner.
 - (d) Statistics are collected for a pre-determined purpose.
20. The greatest demerit of mailing questionnaire is that the respondents:
- (a) do not return it
 - (b) do not answer the question
 - (c) do not go through it carefully
 - (d) all of the above
21. Technique which gives every item of the universe an equal chance of being selected is _____:
- (a) Convenient sampling
 - (b) Random sampling
 - (c) Judgement sampling
 - (d) Non-random sampling
22. Which type of data is contained in Census of India?
- (a) National income
 - (b) Industry
 - (c) Population
 - (d) Agriculture
23. Classification of population of India in terms of years is an example of

- (a) Geographical classification
 - (b) Chronological classification
 - (c) Quantitative classification
 - (d) Qualitative classification
24. Range is the
- (a) difference between the largest and the smallest observations.
 - (b) difference between the smallest and the largest observations.
 - (c) average of the largest and the smallest observations.
 - (d) ratio of the largest to the smallest observations.
25. Bar diagram is a
- (a) one-dimensional diagram
 - (b) two-dimensional diagram
 - (c) diagram with no dimension
 - (d) none of the above
26. Bar diagram can be of following types?
- (a) Horizontal
 - (b) Vertical
 - (c) Deviation
 - (d) all of the above
27. It is also known as cost of living index.
- (a) consumer price index
 - (b) producer price index
 - (c) wholesale price index
 - (d) none of the above

Or

Which index measures the month to month change in cost of a representative basket of goods and services bought by a typical household?

- (a) retail price index
- (b) fisher price index
- (c) wholesale price index
- (d) paschae index

Three marks questions

28. Differentiate between primary data and secondary data.

Or

What are the qualities of a good questionnaire?

29. Construct a pie chart from the following data:

Brand of mobile	Number of units sold
Apple	48.
MI	360
Samsung	240
Oppo	120

Four marks questions:

30. The mean value of 50 students in a class is 25. Later on it was found that two values which has to be 50, 55 was misread as 15, 25. Calculate the corrected mean.

Or

The mean wage of both male and female in a factory is 600. The mean wage of male is 620 whereas mean wage of female is 520. Calculate the percentage of male and female in the factory.

31. Calculate Mode:

Marks	Less than 10	Less than 20	Less than 30	Less than 40	Less than 50
No. of students	2	9	20	35	40

32. Calculate Fisher index:

Commodity	Base Price	Base Quantity	Current Price	Current Quantity
A	2	10	4	5
B	5	12	6	10
C	4	20	5	15
D	2	15	3	10

Six marks questions:

33. Calculate missing value when $N=170$ and $M=35$

C.I	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	10	20	F1	40	F2	25	15

34. Calculate Correlation:

X	10	20	30	40	50
Y	100	200	300	400	500

Or

X	20	40	60	80	100
Y	1000	800	600	400	200



Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr Sec School, Banga

Class: 11th Subject Code: 048

Time : 3 hours

Sample Paper: PHYSICAL EDUCATION

M.M: 70

General Instructions:

1. The question paper consists of 30 questions and all are compulsory.
 2. Questions 1- 12 carry 1 mark each and are Multiple Choice Questions.
 3. Questions 13-16 carry 2 marks each and shall not exceed 40 -60 words.
 4. Questions 17-26 carry 3 marks each and shall not exceed 80- 100 words.
 5. Questions 27- 30 carry 5 marks each and shall not exceed 150-200 words.
1. The major aim of physical education is to ensure a/an
 - a) child's optimal physical development.
 - b) programme of activity and sports for all.
 - c) all round development of the individual.
 - d) complete removal of boredom of the class-room activity.
 2. Traditionally, careers in physical education were focused on:
 - (a) Teaching
 - (b) Commentator
 - (c) Sports Photography
 - (d) Sports Marketing
 3. Which of the followings are the objectives of Fit India Program?
 - (a) To promote fitness as easy, fun and free
 - (b) To encourage indigenous sports
 - (c) To spread awareness on fitness
 - (d) All of these
 4. The idea for reviving the Olympic Games came from
 - (a) Eunice Kennedy Shriver.
 - (b) Baron Pierre de Coubertin
 - (c) Dion Nash
 - (d) Ludwig Guttmann
 5. Where is the headquarters of International Olympic Committee located?
 - (a) U.S.A
 - (b) London
 - (c) Switzerland
 - (d) Germany
- Or
- Olympic flame was first introduced in
- (a) 1896
 - (b) 1928
 - (c) 1956
 - (d) 2008
6. Who coined the Olympic motto "Citius, Altius, Fortius"
 - (a) Rousseau
 - (b) Aristotle
 - (c) Plato
 - (d) Henry Didone
 7. Who gave this definition 'Checking the impulses of mind is Yoga'?
 - (a) Patanjali
 - (b) Shankaracharya
 - (c) Shri Krishana
 - (d) Swami Sivananda
 8. The concentration of mind on an impulse without any divergence is known as:
 - (a) Yoga
 - (b) Pranayama
 - (c) Vritti
 - (d) balanced life
 9. World Disability Day is celebrated on ____
 - a) 2nd April
 - b) 21st June
 - c) 29 August
 - d) 3rd December
 10. The most important area catered to by adapted physical education is ____
 - a) Physical health
 - b) Mental health
 - c) Social health
 - d) Emotional health
 11. What is the ability of an individual to live a physically mentally socially and emotionally balanced life:
 - (a) Physical Fitness
 - (b) Wellness
 - (c) Lifestyle
 - (d) All of the above
 12. Physical exercise done in the presence of oxygen is called:
 - (a) aerobic
 - (b) anaerobic
 - (c) isometric
 - (d) isokinetic
 13. When was Fit India Movement launched?
 - (a) 2011
 - (b) 2014
 - (c) 2016
 - (d) 2018
- Or
- What do you mean by sports journalism?
14. Write about the Olympic Flag?
 15. What do you understand by the term Pranayama?
 16. What is Disability?

17. Write in brief about the objective of Physical Education?

Or

Write a short note on FIT INDIA Program.

18. Write a short note on International Olympic Committee.

Or

What are the Olympic Symbols? Describe any one of them

19. Write a Short note on Samadhi.

20. Write the aims of adaptive physical education.

21. Write briefly about speed as a component of Physical fitness.

22. Explain in detail Physical Fitness Test and Sports skill Test?

23. What are gliding joints?

24. Write the importance of Kinesiology in game and Sports?

25. What are the stages of Team Cohesion?

26. What are the signs and symptoms of overload?

27. Discuss in detail about the structure of Khelo India Program.

28. Explain in detail about the concept of olympism and Olympics values.

29. Discuss the elements of Yoga in detail.

30. Describe types of disability with their symptoms.

Or

What are the different causes of disabilities?

11. Select the correct output of the following string operations.

```
str= "Waha"
```

```
print(str1[:3] + 'Bhyi' + str1[-3:])
```

- a) Wah Bhyi Wah b) Wah Bhyi aha c) WahBhyiWah d) WahBhyiWaha

12. Which of the following will always return a list?

- a) max () b) min() c) sort() d) sorted()

13. Which of the following can delete an element from a list if the index of the element is given?

- a) pop() b) remove() c) del d) all of these

14. What will be the output of the following python code?

```
tp = (5)
```

```
tp1 = tp*2
```

```
print(len(tp1))
```

- a) 0 b) 2 c) 1 d) Error

15. Dictionaries are also called _____

- a) Mappings b) hashes c) associative arrays d) all of these

16. _____ are the records and traces of individuals online activities.

- a) Cyber law b) Digital footprint c) Social media d) Private browsing

17. _____ are attempts by individuals to obtain confidential information from you to falsifying their identity.

- a) Computer viruses b) Phishing scams c) Phishing trips d) Spyware scams

18. The rights of the owner of information to decide how much information is to be shared/exchanged/distributed, are collectively known as _____ (IPR).

- a) Intelligent property rights b) Intellectual property rights
c) Interactive property rights d) Instance property rights

Section B

19. How is system software different from application software?

20. Convert 423_{10} to hexadecimal.

21. Write a program to input three numbers and swap them as this: second number gets the value of first + second number, third number get the value of second + third number.

22. Write a program to input a string and check if contains a digit or not.

OR

Write a program to calculate and print the sums of even and odd integers of the first n natural numbers.

23. What will be the output of the following statements?

i. list1=[12,32,65,26,80,10]

```
list1.sort()
```

```
print(list1)
```

- ii. `list1=[12,32,65,26,80,10]`
`sorted(list1)`
`print(list1)`
- iii. `list1=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]`
`list1[:: -2]`
`list[: 3] + list1[3 :]`
- iv. `list1=[1,2,3,4,5]`
`list1[len(list1)-1]`

OR

Write a program to input a tuple and create two new tuples from it, one containing its every 3rd element in reverse order, starting from the last element another containing every alternate elements lying between 3rd to 9th elements.

24. Describe the following Cybercrimes:

- a) Cyber Bullying
- b) Cyber Stalking

25. What is (i) Authentication, (ii) Authorization? Why are these two used together?

OR

Expand the following terms: (i) OSS (ii) SDLC (iii) GNU (iv) FLOSS

Section C

26. Draw logic circuit diagram for the Boolean expression: $Q = \overline{A + B} C + \overline{A} \overline{B}$

27. Give a list containing these values [12, 13, 28, 13, 22, 25, 7, 13, 25]. Write a code to calculate mean, median and mode of this list.

28. Find the output of the following program segments:

- i) `i=0`
`sum = 0`
`while i < 9:`
`if i %4 ==0:`
`sum = sum + i`
`i = i+2`
`print(sum)`

- ii) Differentiate between break and continue statements using examples.

OR

Write a program to input names of n students and store them in a tuple. Also, input a name from the user and find if this student is present in the tuple or not.

29. Explain the various characteristics of a Dictionary.

30. What measures should one take to avoid and maintain confidentiality of personal information?

OR

- i. `print(stateCapital.get("Bihar"))`
- ii. `print(stateCapital.keys())`
- iii. `print(stateCapital.values())`
- iv. `print(stateCapital.items())`
- v. `print(len(stateCapital))`
- vi. `print("Maharashtra" in stateCapital)`

OR

- ```
print(stateCapital.get("Assam"))
```
- vii. `del stateCapital["Andhra Pradesh"]`  
`print(stateCapital)`



**Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr Sec School, Banga**

**Class: 11<sup>th</sup> Subject Code: 049**

**MTP: Painting**

**Section - I**

**(1x6=6)**

**Multiple Choice Question**

- 1). Which of the following were centers of Indus Valley Civilization?  
(a). Daman and Diu (b). Panaji (Goa)  
(c). Mohenjodaro and Harappa (d). Delhi NCR
- 2). The famous Ashokan pillar containing a sculpture of four lions standing back to back located at:  
(a). Sarnath (b). Bhopal  
(c). Allahabad (d). Peshawar
- 3). What is the height of Chauri Bearer from Didarganj?  
(a). 5'4" (b). 3'2"  
(c). 6" (d). 7'3"
- 4). Mention the size of the 'Bull seal'.  
(a). 10x5x2.5cms (b). 2.5x2.5x1.4cms  
(c). 25x15cms (d). 5.8x4.5x2cms
- 5). Select the animal which is not carved at the abacus of 'Lion capital from Sarnath'.  
(a). Deer (b). Elephant  
(c). Lion (d). Bull
- 6). Chauri Bearer from Didarganj is a sculpture from which period?  
(a). Mughal period (b). Mauryan period  
(c). Kushana period (d). Gandhara period

**Section - II**

**(2x3=6)**

**Answer the following question in about 30 words:**

- 7). Evaluate the composition arrangement of any three of the following in short:
- i) Wizard's Dance
  - ii) Trimurti
  - iii) Mother goddess
  - iv) Natraj

**Section - III**

**(3x2=6)**

- 8) i) Mention the time period, medium and collection of the 'Lion capital from Sarnath'
- ii) Mention the time period, dynasty and medium of the 'Seated Buddha from Katra'

**Section - IV**

**(3x2=6)**

**Answer the following question in about 250 words.**

- 9). Write short note on any two of the following.
- i). Chauri Bearer from Didarganj
  - ii). Male Torso
  - iii). Cymbal player

**Section - V**

**(6x1=6)**

**Answer the following question in about 300-350 words:**

10). Express your views on Taj Mahal

or

Write a detailed note on 'Qutub Minar'





$$a) x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 3y = 0$$

$$b) x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 3y = 0$$

$$c) x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 3y = 0$$

$$d) x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 3y = 0$$

21. Convert the decimal number to the binary number: 517 [2]
22. Find the values of the letter and give a reason for the steps involved. [2]
- $$\begin{array}{r} B A \\ \times B 3 \\ \hline 57 A \end{array}$$
23. State whether each of the following statements are true or false. If the statement is false, re-write the given statement correctly: [2]
- If  $P = \{m, n\}$  and  $Q = \{n, m\}$ , then  $P \times Q = \{(m, n), (n, m)\}$
  - If  $A$  and  $B$  are non-empty sets, then  $A \times B$  is a non-empty set of ordered pairs  $(x, y)$  such that  $x \in B$  and  $y \in A$ .
  - If  $A = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $B = \{3, 4\}$ , then  $A \times (B \cap \phi) = \phi$ .
24. There are 12 points in a plane of which 5 are collinear. These points are joined in pairs. Find the number of straight lines formed. [2]
25. A stone is dropped into a quiet lake and waves move in circles at a speed of 3.5 cm per second. At the instant when the radius of the circular wave is 7.5 cm, how fast is the enclosed area increasing? [2]
26. Find the values of the letter and give a reason for the steps involved. [3]
- $$\begin{array}{r} 2 A B \\ + A B 1 \\ \hline B 1 8 \end{array}$$
27. If  $A = \{1, 3, 5\}$ ,  $B = \{x, y\}$  represent the following products by arrow diagrams: [3]
- $A \times B$
  - $B \times A$
  - $A \times A$
  - $B \times B$
28. Discuss the continuity of the function given by  $f(x) = |x - 1| + |x - 2|$  at  $x = 1$  and  $x = 2$ . [3]
29. Differentiate:  $(\log x)^x + x^{\log x}$  with respect to  $x$ . [3]
30. The catalogue price of an article is ₹ 20,000. The dealer allows two successive discounts of 15% and 10%. He further allows an off-season of 10% on the balance. If the sales are intra-state and the rate of GST is 12%, find [3]
- the GST amount the customer has to pay.
  - the total price that the customer has to pay for the article.
31. Find the equation of the circle passing through the points (1, -2), (5, 4) and (10, 5). [3]
32. In an University, out of 100 students 15 offered Mathematics only; 12 offered Statistics only; 8 offered only Physics; 40 offered Physics and Mathematics; 20 offered Physics and Statistics; 10 offered Mathematics and Statistics; 65 offered Physics. By drawing a Venn diagram, find the number of students who [4]
- offered Mathematics,
  - offered Statistics,
  - did not offer any of the above three subjects.
33. Read the information given below and answer the questions that follow: [4]
- A family of Ravi, Rekha, Gaurav, Saurabh, Payal, Mohit, Monika, Swasti and Shaurya consists of 3 generations.

Ravi is the husband of Rekha and has 2 sons and one daughter Payal. Mohit is Rekha's son-in-law. Saurabh is Payal's brother and Monika's brother-in-law. Gaurav has two children.

- i. How is Gaurav related to Mohit?
- ii. How is Saurabh related to Ravi?
- iii. How is Ravi related to Shaurya?
- iv. How is Mohit related to Payal?
- v. How is Mohit related to Swasti?

34. A car manufacturing factory has two plants X and Y. Plant X manufactures 70% of the cars and plant Y manufactures 30%. 80% of the cars at plant X and 90% of the cars at plant Y are rated of standard quality. A car is chosen at random and is found to be of standard quality. What is the probability that it has come from plant X? [4]

35. If the first term of an A.P. is 2 and the sum of the first five terms is equal to one-fourth of the sum of the next five terms, find the sum of the first 30 terms. Also, find its 20th term. [4]

36. **Read the Case study given below and attempt any 4 sub parts:** [4]

One morning a big circus arrived in the Ramleela maidan at Delhi. The arrival of the circus was seen in the morning at 08:00 AM by Gopal. He passed this information on 08:15 to 2 other residents of the city.

Each of these 2 people then informed the other 2 residents at 08:30, and again at 08:45, they reported the arrival of the circus every 2 to other uninformed residents

This chain continued the same way till 12:00 PM. By 12:00 PM enough people were informed about the arrival of the circus.



**Answer the following questions:**

- i. By 12:00 PM total how many people were informed about the arrival of the circus?
  - a. 131000
  - b. 131017
  - c. 141000
  - d. 65536
- ii. By 10:00 AM total how many people were informed about the arrival of the circus?
  - a. 511
  - b. 256
  - c. 300
  - d. 500
- iii. From 10:00 AM to 11:00 AM how many people were informed about the circus?

- a. 8000
- b. 7000
- c. 7680
- d. 7936

iv. What are the three terms between 16 and 256?

- a. 64,32,128
- b. 16,32,256
- c. 32,64,128
- d. 16,32,64

v. At 10:30 AM how many people were informed about the circus?

- a. 512
- b. 1024
- c. 2048
- d. 2047

37. **Read the Case study given below and attempt any 4 subparts:**

[4]

A locker in a bank has 3 digit lock. Each place's digits may vary fro 0 to 9. Mahesh has a locker in the bank where he can put all his property papers and important documents. Once he needs one of the document but he forgot his password and was trying all possible combinations.



Read the above information and answer the following questions:

i. He took 6 seconds for each try. How much time will be needed by Mahesh to try all the combinations:

- a. 90 minutes
- b. 120 minutes
- c. 60 minutes
- d. 100 minutes

ii. How many permutations of 3 different digits are there, chosen from the ten digits 0 to 9 inclusive:

- a. 84
- b. 120
- c. 504
- d. 720

iii. The total number of 9-digit numbers that have all different digits is:

- a. 10!
- b. 9!
- c.  $9 \times 9!$
- d.  $10 \times 10!$

iv. A bank has 6 digit account number with no repetition of digits within an account number. The first and last digit of the account numbers is fixed to be 4 and 7. How many such account numbers are possible:

- a. 10080
- b. 5040
- c. 890
- d. 1680

v. If  ${}^nC_{12} = {}^nC_8$ , then n is equal to:

- a. 20
- b. 12
- c. 6
- d. 30

38. A retailer buys T.V. a set for ₹ 40,000 from a wholesaler at a discount of 20% on the printed price and sells it to a consumer at the printed price. If the sales are intrastate and the rate of GST is 12%, find **[4]**
- i. the price, including GST, at which T.V. set was bought by the retailer.
  - ii. the price at which the consumer bought the T.V. set.
  - iii. the GST paid by the retailer.
  - iv. the GST paid by the consumer.
39. Find the equation of the circle drawn on a diagonal of the rectangle as its diameter whose sides are the lines **[4]**  
given by:  $x = 4$ ,  $x = -2$ ,  $y = 5$  and  $y = -2$ .



**Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr Sec School, Banga**

**Class: 11<sup>th</sup>**

**MTP: Painting (Additional**

**Section - 1**

**(1x6=6)**

**Multiple Choice Question**

**1).** Sculpture 'Nataraj' is made of which material?

- (a) White marble
- (b) Bronze
- (c) Terracotta
- (d) Sandstone

**2).** Under which Indian dynasty was 'The descent of Ganga' made?

- (a) Pallavas
- (b) Cholas
- (c) Rashtrakutas
- (d) Chandelas

**3).** Mention the time period of the 'Descent of Ganga'.

- (a) 5th century A.D.
- (b) 7th century A.D.
- (c) 3rd century A.D.
- (d) 9th century A.D.

**4).** Under which Indian dynasty was the 'Cymbal Player' made?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Pallavas
- (c) Cholas
- (d) Mauryas

**5).** The 'Descent of Ganga' is also known as:

- (a) Arjuna's Penance
- (b) Mandapa
- (c) Tirthankara
- (d) Temple

**6).** Shiva, the cosmic dancer is called:

- (a) Vishnu
- (b) Nataraja
- (c) Tandava
- (d) Bholenath

**Section - II**

**(3x2=6)**

**7).** Evaluate the composition arrangement of any two of the following in short:

- (i) Dancing girl
- (ii) Cymbal player
- (iii) Malr Torso

**Section - III**

**(3x2=6)**

**8).** Mention the time period, location and dynasty of the 'Nataraj'.

**9).** Mention the medium, time period and dynasty of the 'Mother and child'.

**Section - IV**

**(6x2=12)**

**10).** Write detailed note on any two of the following:

- (i) Taj Mahal
- (ii) Mother and child
- (iii) Qutub minar

ਕਲਾਸ:- ਗਿਆਰਵੀਂ

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ:- ਪੰਜਾਬੀ

ਸਮਾਂ:- ਤਿੰਨ ਘੰਟੇ

ਕੁੱਲ ਅੰਕ:- 80

**\*ਆਮ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼\***

**\*ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਪੜ੍ਹੋ ਅਤੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਦਾ ਪਾਲਣ ਕਰੋ:-**

\* ਸਾਰੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਲਾਜ਼ਮੀ ਹਨ।

\* ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਚੋਣ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਦੇਖ ਕੇ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।

\* ਲਿਖਾਈ ਸਾਫ ਅਤੇ ਸੁੱਧ ਲਿਖੀ ਜਾਵੇ।

\* ਸਹੀ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਨੰਬਰ ਲਿਖ ਕੇ ਉੱਤਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਉੱਤਰ- ਸ਼ੀਟ 'ਤੇ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਵੇ।

**1. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਅਣਡਿੱਠੇ ਪੈਰੇ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਪੜ੍ਹੋ ਅਤੇ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਸਧਾਰਨ ਵਾਕ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:- (1x 5=5)**

ਲੋਕ ਗੀਤ ਕਿਸੇ ਜਾਤੀ ਦੇ ਹਿਰਦੇ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਇਹ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਵੇਗ ਵਿਚ ਆਏ ਉਹ ਜਜ਼ਬੇ ਤੇ ਸਧਰਾਂ ਹਨ, ਜੋ ਸਹਿਜ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਚ ਦੀ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦਾ ਬਾਣਾ ਪਾ ਕੇ ਸਮੂਰਤ ਹੋ ਗਈਆਂ ਹਨ। ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀ ਤੁਲਨਾ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਚਸ਼ਮਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ, ਜਿਹੜੇ ਧਰਤੀ ਦੀ ਹਿੱਕ ਵਿਚ ਆਪ-ਮੁਹਾਰੇ ਫਲਕ ਕੇ ਵਹਿਣ ਬਣ ਕੇ ਫੈਲ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ ਜਾਂ ਫਿਰ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਫੁੱਲਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਜਿਹੜੇ ਜੰਗਲਾਂ ਤੇ ਵੀਰਾਨਿਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਖੁਦ ਬਖੁਦ ਉੱਗਦੇ ਤੇ ਮੁਸਕਰਾਉਂਦੇ ਰਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਚਲਾ ਸਹਿਜ ਰਸ ਹਵਾ ਨਾਲ ਰੁਮਕਦੀ ਉਹ ਸੁਰਾਂਧੀ ਵਾਂਗ ਭਿੰਨਾ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ, ਜਿਹੜੀ ਪਤਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਿੱਥੇ-ਕਿੱਥੇ ਮਹਿਕ ਨਾਲ ਝੋਲਾ ਭਰ ਲਿਆਉਂਦੀ ਹੈ। ਇਹ ਗੀਤ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਮਨ ਦੇ ਉਛਾਲੇ ਹਨ, ਹਿਰਦੇ ਦੀ ਤਹਿ ਦੀ ਕੋਈ ਤਰੰਗ, ਜੀਵਨ ਦਾ ਕੋਈ ਝੋਕਾ। ਆਦਿ ਕਾਲ ਤੋਂ ਹੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਣੀ ਸੁਹਜ ਦਾ ਰਸੀਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ। ਮੁੱਢਲੀਆਂ ਲੋੜਾਂ ਦੀ ਪੂਰਤੀ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਆਪਣੀ ਸੁਹਜ- ਭੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਤ੍ਰਿਪਤੀ ਲਈ ਵੀ ਜਤਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਆਦਿ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਸਦਾ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਧੁਨੀਆਂ ਵਧੇਰੇ ਰਸਦਾਇਕ ਲੱਗਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ।

**ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ:-**

i. ਲੋਕ-ਗੀਤ ਕੀ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ?

ii. ਲੋਕ-ਗੀਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਤੁਲਨਾ ਕਿੰਨ੍ਹਾ ਨਾਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ ?

iii. ਆਦਿ-ਕਾਲ ਤੋਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਣੀ ਕਿਸ ਚੀਜ਼ ਦਾ ਰਸੀਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?

iv. ਮਨੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਹੜੀ ਚੀਜ਼ ਵਿਚ ਰੱਸ ਜ਼ਿਆਦਾ ਆਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ ?

v. ਲੋਕ ਗੀਤ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ ?

2. ਕਿਸੇ ਅਖਬਾਰ ਦੇ ਸੰਪਾਦਕ ਨੂੰ ਇੱਕ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਅੱਜਕੱਲ੍ਹ ਖਾਣ ਪੀਣ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਚੀਜ਼ਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਮਿਲਾਵਟ ਦਾ ਜ਼ਿਕਰ ਕਰੋ।

ਜਾਂ

ਤੁਸੀਂ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਭ ਸੰਭਾਲ ਲਈ ਆਮ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਿਤ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਇੱਕ ਲੇਖ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਹੈ। ਤੁਸੀਂ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੇ ਹੋ ਕੇ ਇਹ ਲੇਖ ਸਾਰੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਤੱਕ ਪਹੁੰਚੇ। ਇਸ ਲਈ ਉਸ ਲੇਖ ਦੇ ਕੁੱਝ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਨੁਕਤੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਅਖਬਾਰ ਦੇ ਸੰਪਾਦਕ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝੇ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਇੱਕ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ।

(8x1=8)

3. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਉੱਤੇ ਲੇਖ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਰੋ। (12x 1=12)

ਗਲੇਬਲ ਵਰਮਿੰਗ ਜਾਂ ਕੋਮੀ ਏਕਤਾ

4. ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਤੋਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ:-

(i) ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਦਫ਼ਤਰੀ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਵਲੀ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਤ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਪੰਜ ਦਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰੋ:- (1x 5=5)

Suspension, Pay scale, Nominated, Memorandum, In accordance with, Endorsement, For disposal

(ii) ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਵੱਖ ਵੱਖ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਤ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਵਲੀ ਦੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਪੰਜ ਦਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰੋ:-

(1x 5=5)

Yawn, Wreath, Vehicle, Unit, Tenant, Lockout

iii. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਦਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰੋ:- (2x4=8)

i. Interest upon deposit ceases from the dates of maturity.

ii. Retiring rooms are booked at window No. 12

iii. If the due premium is not paid within the days of grace, the policy becomes paid up.

iv. E-mail is used to send and receive messages.

v. Examine the receipts properly after making payment of insurance policy.

5. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਮੁਹਾਵਰਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਪੰਜ ਦੇ ਅਰਥ ਲਿਖ ਕੇ ਵਾਕ ਬਣਾਓ:- (1x5=5)

i. ਅੱਕੀ ਪਲਾਹੀ ਹੱਥ ਮਰਨਾ ii. ਹਵਾ ਦੇ ਘੋੜੇ ਸਵਾਰ ਹੋਣਾ

iii. ਕਣਕ ਨਾਲ ਘੁਣ ਪਿਸਣਾ iv. ਖੰਭ ਲਾ ਕੇ ਉੱਡ ਜਾਣਾ

v. ਸਿਰ ਮੜ੍ਹਨਾ vi. ਉੱਘ ਸੁੱਘ ਮਿਲਣਾ

6. ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਨਾਮਵਰ ਅਖਬਾਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਲਾਟ ਵੇਚਣ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਇੱਕ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਲਿਖੋ।

ਜਾਂ

ਤੁਸੀਂ ਇੱਕ ਨਵਾਂ ਕਪੜੇ ਦਾ ਸ਼ੋ-ਰੂਮ ਖੋਲ੍ਹਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਦੇ ਉਦਘਾਟਨ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਇੱਕ ਸੱਦਾ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ। (7x1=7)

\* ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ:-

7. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਇੱਕ ਵਾਕ ਜਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:- (1x4=4)

i. "ਦੇਈਂ ਦੇਈਂ, ਵੇ ਬਾਬਲਾ ਓਸ ਘਰੇ" ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ?

- ii. "ਅੱਸੂ ਦਾ ਕਾਜ ਰਚਾ" ਲੇਕ ਗੀਤ ਦਾ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਰੂਪ ਹੈ?
- iii. "ਹਰਿਆ ਨੀ ਮਾਲਣ" ਘੋੜੀ ਵਿੱਚ "ਹਰਿਆ" ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਹਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ?
- iv. ਸਿੱਠਣੀਆਂ ਕਿਸ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਸੰਬੋਧਨ ਹੁੰਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ?
- v. ਟੱਪੇ ਨੂੰ ਹੋਰ ਕਿਸ ਨਾਮ ਨਾਲ ਜਾਣਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ?

8. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਇੱਕ ਵਾਕ ਜਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:- (1x4=4)

- i. ਪਿੰਡ ਤਾਂ ਸਾਡੇ ਬੋਲੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਗੱਭਰੂ ਨੇ ਸਾਧ ਦਾ ਡੇਰਾ ਕਿਉਂ ਛੱਡ ਦਿੱਤਾ?
- ii. ਪਿੰਡਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਪਿੰਡ ਸੁਣੀਂਦਾ ਬੋਲੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਸ ਪਿੰਡ ਦਾ ਨਾਮ ਆਇਆ ਹੈ?
- iii. ਬੁੱਤ ਬਣੇਟਿਆ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਹਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ?
- iv. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੀ ਬੁਝਾਰਤ ਦਾ ਸਹੀ ਉੱਤਰ ਦੱਸੋ:-

ਹਰੀ ਹਰੀ ਗੰਦਲ ਕੱਚ ਦਾ ਕੋਠਾ, ਕਚਨਾਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਫਲੀਆਂ,

ਸ਼ਰਬਤ ਦੇ ਘੁੱਟ ਮਿਸ਼ਰੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਡਲੀਆਂ।

- v. ਅੱਸੀਆਂ ਪਾਉਣ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ?

9. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਤਿੰਨ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ 40-50 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:- (3x3=9)

- i. ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਰਜ ਮਾਹੀਏ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਾਇਕ ਦੀ ਬੇਵੱਸੀ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ। ਦੱਸੋ ਕਿਵੇਂ?
- ii. ਕੰਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੋਹਣੇ ਬੂੰਦੇ ਢੇਲੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਈ ਤੁਕ 'ਨੇਹੂੰ ਨਾ ਲੱਗਦੇ ਜ਼ੋਰ ਦੇ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ?
- iii. "ਸਤਿਗੁਰਾਂ ਕਾਜ ਸਵਾਰਿਆ ਈ" ਘੋੜੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਭਾਵ ਅੰਕਿਤ ਹੋਏ ਹਨ?
- iv. "ਦੇਈਂ ਦੇਈਂ, ਵੇ ਬਾਬਲਾ" ਲੇਕ ਗੀਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਧੀ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੀ ਤੁਕ ਮੁੜ ਮੁੜ ਕਿਉਂ ਸੰਬੋਧਨ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ?

10. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ 25-30 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:- (2x4=8)

- i. ਦੁੱਲੇ ਦੀ ਬਾਗ਼ੀ ਤਬੀਅਤ ਹੋਣ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਕਿਹੜੀਆਂ ਘਟਨਾਵਾਂ ਦਾ ਹੱਥ ਸੀ?
- ii. ਰਾਜੇ ਸਲਵਾਨ ਨੇ ਰਸਾਲੂ ਨੂੰ ਦੇਸ਼ ਨਿਕਾਲਾ ਕਿਉਂ ਦਿੱਤਾ?
- iii. ਹੀਰ ਅਤੇ ਰਾਂਝੇ ਦਾ ਮਸਲਾ ਕਾਜ਼ੀ ਕੋਲ ਕਿਉਂ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਗਿਆ?
- iv. ਸਾਹਿਬਾਂ ਦੇ ਭਰਾਵਾਂ ਨੇ ਮਿਰਜ਼ੇ ਦਾ ਪਿੱਛਾ ਕਿਉਂ ਕੀਤਾ?
- v. ਪੂਰਨ ਗੋਰਖ ਨਾਥ ਦੇ ਸੰਪਰਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਆਇਆ?



## Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr Sec School, Banga

Class: 11<sup>th</sup> Subject Code: 301

MTP: English

Maximum Marks: 70

Time Allowed: 3 hours

### Section A

Q 1. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:.

(10)

The North-East of India is a melting pot of variegated cultural mosaic of people and races, an ethnic tapestry of many hues and shades. Yet, these states are lesser explored as compared to the rest of the country. The new generations of travellers who are 'money rich and time poor' are increasingly looking for unique experiences - a phenomenon being called the emergence of the 'experience economy'. For this new and growing breed of tourists, the North-East with its variety and uniqueness holds immense attraction.

A study conducted in 2020 by Dr. Sherap Bhutia, revealed that the foreign tourist arrival in the North-East increased from 37,380 persons in 2005 to 118,552 in 2014. The overall growth rate of tourist (both domestic and foreign) in the North-East was as high as 26.44% during 2005-06. A high and positive growth of 12.53% was registered in foreign tourist visits to North-East States of India during 2012 from 2011, which further rose to register a growth of 27.93% during 2013 from 2012. Foreign tourist arrivals in the North-East witnessed a growth of 39.77% during 2014 from 2013, according to data provided from the Ministry of Tourism, Government of India.

The study recommendations for tourism planners included the need to concentrate on some key areas like enhancement of tourist facilities, tourism financing, focus on community involvement and others for the formulation of a sustainable tourism strategy in the North-East States of India.

1. Infer one reason for the following, based on information in paragraph 1.

The rate of tourism in the North-East of India puzzles tourism officials

2. Select the appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

From paragraph 1, we can infer that the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of the North-Eastern states aid attracting the 'money rich and time poor' tourists.

- distinctiveness
- conventionality
- diversity
- uniformity
- modernity

a. i & iii

b. ii & iv

c. ii & v

d. i & iv

3. Complete the following analogy correctly with a word/ phrase from paragraph 1:

aroma : cooking :: \_\_\_\_\_ : painting

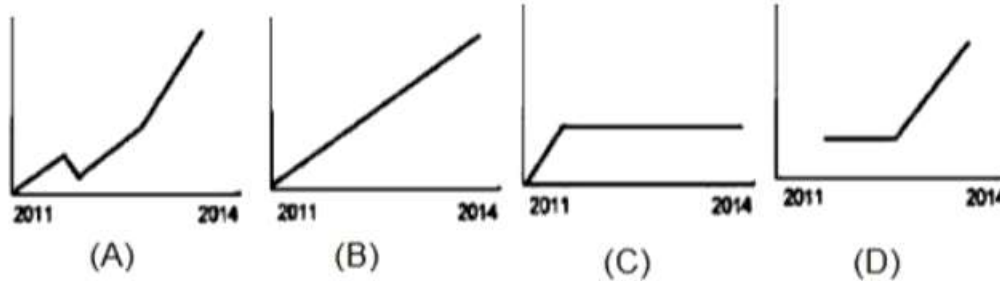
(Clue: Just like aroma is integral to cooking, similarly \_\_\_\_\_ is/are integral to painting)

4. Select the correct option to complete the following sentence:

Travellers advocating the 'experience economy' seek a holiday package with (Paragraph 1)

- grand facilities, expensive hotels and excellent services to pamper them.
- a wholesome experience within the budget they have planned for.
- places and cities to buy things from and opportunities spend money.
- cost-effective services, affordable accommodation and many days of touring.

5. Select the chart that appropriately represents the trend of foreign tourist travels in the North-East, from 2011-2014, as per paragraph 2.



- Option 1
- Option 2
- Option 3
- Option 4

6. Fill in the blank by selecting the correct option.

The study of tourist travel statistics in the North-East, from 2005 to 2014 showed \_\_\_\_\_ results.

- expected
- encouraging
- inconsistent
- questionable

7. Substitute the word 'witnessed' with ONE WORD similar in meaning, in the following, sentence from paragraph 2:

Foreign tourist arrivals in the North-East witnessed a growth of...

8. List any 2 examples of tourist facilities as referred to, in Paragraph 3.

9. List one reason why the researchers recommend that the formulation of a tourism strategy in the North-Eastern States of India be sustainable.

10. Select the option that titles paragraphs 1-3 appropriately, with reference to information in the text.

- (1) Full Speed Ahead!, (2) Ups and Downs, (3) Cause for Concern
- (1) Winds of Change, (2) Numbers Don't Lie, (3) Time for Action
- (1) Inspecting Trends, (2) Statistically Speaking, (3) Let's Investigate
- (1) Cause & Effect, (2) Dynamic Data, (3) Dependable Facts

**Q2. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:.**

**(8)**

Punctuality is a necessary habit in public affairs of a civilized society. Without it nothing could ever be brought to a conclusion, everything would be in a state of chaos. Only in a sparsely populated rural community is it possible to disregard it. In the ordinary living there can be some tolerance of unpunctuality. The intellectual, who is working on some abstruse problem, has everything coordinated and organized for the matter in hand. He is therefore forgiven, if late for the dinner party. But people are often reproached for unpunctuality when their only fault is cutting fine. It is hard for energetic, quick-minded people to waste time, so they are often tempted to finish a job before setting out to keep an appointment. If no accidents occur on

the way, like punctured tires, diversion of traffic, sudden descent of fog, they will be on time. They are often more industrious, useful citizens than those who are never late. The over-punctual can as much be a trial to others as the unpunctual. The guest who arrives half an hour too soon is the greatest nuisance. Some friends of my family had this irritating habit. The only thing to do was to ask them to come half an hour later than the other guests. Then they arrived just when we wanted them. If you are catching a train, it is always better to be comfortably early than even a fraction of a minute too late. Although being early may mean wasting a little time, this will be less than if you miss the train and have to wait an hour or so for the next one. And you avoid the frustration of arriving at the very moment when the train is drawing out of the station and being unable to get on it. An even harder situation is to be on the platform in a good time for a train and still to see it go off without you. Such an experience befell a certain young girl the first time she was travelling alone. She entered the station twenty minutes before the train was due since her parents had impressed upon her that it would be unforgivable to miss it and cause the friends with whom she was going to stay to meet her. She gave her luggage to a porter and showed him her ticket. To her horror, he said that she was two hours too soon. She felt in her handbag, for the piece of paper on which her father had written down all the details of the journey and gave it to the porter. He agreed that a train did come into the station at the time on the paper and that it did stop, but only to take on water, not passengers. The girl asked to see a timetable, feeling sure that her father could not have made such a mistake. The porter went to fetch one and arrived back with the station master, who produced it with a flourish and pointed out a microscope 'o' beside the time of the arrival of the train at his station. This little 'o' indicated that the train only stopped for water. Just at that moment, the train came into the station. The girl, tears streaming down her face, begged to be allowed to slip into the guard's van. But the station master was adamant: rules could not be broken. And she had to watch that train disappear towards her destination while she was left behind.

1. Complete the sentence by choosing an appropriate option.

It is better to reach the platform before the train arrives because \_\_\_\_\_.

- You will have time to relax at the station
- It's good to waste some time in life
- It can help you avoid frustrations of work
- It's better than watching the train leave in front of your eyes

2. Comment on the writer's reference to the features of energetic and quick-minded people.

3. List the two ways which can hinder a punctual person from reaching a place on time.

(Clue: Think about the obstruction one may face)

4. Select the option that conveys a similar meaning of 'inflexible', in the passage.

1. Over-punctual
2. Energetic
3. Adamant
4. Abstruse

5. Find a word opposite in meaning to clear/obvious in the passage:

- I. community
- II. abstruse
- III. diversion
- IV. industrious

6. Reaching early may mean wasting a little time. Based on your understanding of the given passage, justify how reaching early does not always mean wasting time.

7. Why is it fair to say that punctuality necessary in a civilized society?

8. Complete the given sentence with an appropriate inference, with respect to the following:

Some friends of my family has this irritating habit of arriving half an hour too soon. We can deal with them by \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q3. Read the following passage carefully:**

The Great Wall of China was built to link existing fortifications to a united defence system and to keep invading Mongol tribes out of China. It is the largest man-made monument ever to have been built, and it is said that it is the only one visible from space. Many a thousand people must have given their lives to build this huge construction.

The current English name evolved from accounts of "the Chinese wall" from early modern European travellers. By the 19th century, "the Great Wall of China" had become standard in English, French, and German, although other European languages continue to refer to it as "the Chinese wall." However, none of the Europeans who visited Yuan China or Mongolia, such as Marco Polo, Giovanni da Pian del Carpine, William of Rubruck, Giovanni de' Marignolli and Odoric of Pordenone mentioned the Great Wall. The North African traveller Ibn Battuta also visited China during the Yuan dynasty ca. 1346, had heard about China's Great Wall, possibly before he had arrived in China. However, Ibn Battuta could find no one who either had seen it or knew of anyone who had seen it, suggesting that although there were remnants of the wall at that time, they were not significant. Soon after Europeans reached Ming China by ship in the early 16th century, accounts of the Great Wall started to circulate in Europe, even though no European was to see it for another century.

The Great Wall of China is built along an East-to-West line across the historical Northern borders of China to protect the Chinese states and empires against the raids and invasions of the various nomadic groups of the Eurasian Steppe with an eye to expansion. Before the use of bricks, the Great Wall was mainly built from rammed earth, stones, and wood. During the Ming, however, bricks were heavily used in many areas of the wall, as were materials such as tiles, lime and stone. Signal towers were built upon hill tops or other high points along the wall for their visibility. Wooden gates could be used as a trap against those going through. Barracks, stables, and armories were built near the wall's inner surface. Several walls were being built as early as the 7th century BC; these, later joined together and made bigger and stronger, are now collectively referred to as the Great Wall. Especially famous is the wall built (220-206 BC) by Qin Shi Huang, the first Emperor of China. Little of that wall has remained. Since then, the Great Wall has on and off been rebuilt, maintained and enhanced; the majority of the existing wall is from the Ming Dynasty (1368-1644). However, various square lookout towers that characterize the most famous images of the wall have disappeared. Many western sections of the wall are constructed from mud, rather than brick and stone, and thus are more susceptible to erosion. In 2014, a portion of the wall near the border of Liaoning and Hebei province was repaired with concrete. The work has been much criticized.

Other purposes of the Great Wall included border controls, allowing the imposition of duties on goods transported along the Silk Road, regulation or encouragement of trade and the control of immigration and emigration. Furthermore, the defensive characteristics of the Great Wall were enhanced by the construction of watch towers, troop barracks, garrison stations, signalling capabilities through the means of smoke or fire and the fact that the path of the Great Wall also served as a transportation corridor.

The Great Wall stretches from Dandong in the East to Lop Lake in the West, along with an arch that roughly delineates the Southern edge of Inner Mongolia. A comprehensive archaeological survey, using advanced technologies, has concluded that the Ming wall measure 8,850 km. This is made up of 6,259 km sections of actual wall, 359 km of trenches and 2,232 km of natural defensive barriers such as hills and rivers. Another archaeological survey found that the entire wall with all of its branches measures out to be 21,196 km.

King Zheng of Qin conquered the last of his opponents and unified China as the First Emperor of the Qin dynasty ("Qin Shi Huang") in 221 BC. Intending to impose centralized rule and prevent the resurgence of feudal lords, he ordered the destruction of some sections of the wall, however, he ordered the building of

new walls to connect the remaining fortifications along the empire's Northern frontier. Transporting a large number of materials required for construction was difficult, so builders always tried to use local resources. Stones from mountains were used over mountain ranges, while the earth was used for construction in plains.

The Great Wall concept was revived under the Ming dynasty in the 14th century, to gain a clear upper hand over the Mongolian tribes.

1. On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, make notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (wherever necessary-minimum four) and a format you consider suitable. Also supply an appropriate title to it.

2. Write a summary of the passage in about 80 words. (8)

### Section B

**Q4. Rearrange the jumbled words and phrases into meaningful sentences. The first one has been done as an example. (3)**

Example: in / the highest / India has / population / livestock / the world

India has the highest livestock population in the world.

is / of milk / India / also / producer / the highest

is enduring / but / from a / major / it / crisis / fodder

due to / emerging / it / is / growing / population

more / Prime Minister / indian farmers / the / grow / to / fodder / is / The / buoying up

**Q5. Fill in the following blanks given below choosing the most appropriate options from the ones that follow. (2)**

Everyone is not in a position to \_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_ the family and start living in a \_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_ room \_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_ the banks \_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_ the Ganga.

(i) leave      (ii) leaver      (iii) tell      (iv) leaving

(i) small      (ii) smaller      (iii) smallest      (iv) little

(i) on      (ii) in      (iii) of      (iv) off

(i) in      (ii) of      (iii) on      (iv) off

**Q.6 Read the text carefully and answer the questions:**

Read the following dialogue and then complete the paragraph by choosing the correct options. Write your answers against the correct blank numbers. (2)

Rani: There's Mohan!

Ravi: Where?

Rani: He is lying under the umbrella near the coconut tree.

Ravi: Oh yes, I see him. He looks very comfortable. Let us leave him alone. Let's go for a sea ride.

Rani exclaimed with surprise that \_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_ . Ravi enquired \_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_ . Rani told Ravi that he \_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_ near the coconut tree. Ravi agreed that he could see Mohan who \_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_ . He suggested that they \_\_\_\_ (e) \_\_\_\_ Mohan alone. Ravi further suggested to \_\_\_\_ (f) \_\_\_\_ .

Rani exclaimed with surprise that \_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_ .

a) Mohan was there

b) Mohan is there

c) Mohan will be there

d) Mohan is going to be there

Ravi enquired \_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_.

- a) where he is
- b) where he had been
- c) where he will be
- d) where he was

Q7. The Directorate of Education, Orissa state is organizing an Essay Contest for all the students of the state. Prepare a suitable poster which can be sent to different schools for display on their notice board.

(3)

Or

You are Additional Commissioner, Traffic Police, Kolkata. Design a poster to create awareness about using helmets by two wheelers riders.

Q8. You want to sell your car as you are going abroad. Draft a suitable advertisement in not more than 50 words to be published in the classified columns of 'The Hindu'. Give necessary details of the car. You are Suman/Sushil, 21 Ram nagar, Delhi.

(3)

Or.

AK International School is looking for a receptionist for the school. Draft an advertisement on behalf of the Administrative Officer for the classified columns of the local newspaper.

Q9. Power shortage has become a norm even in the metropolitan cities. One way to face this situation is by preventing the wastage of power. Write a speech in 150-200 words on the importance of power in our daily life and how to save power at school and at home. Imagine that you are the Principal of your school.

(5)

Q10. Loudspeakers, bands etc create a lot of disturbance at all hours of day and night especially for students and for the sick. Write a debate in favour of or against the motion in 150-200 words. You are Saurabh/ Shobha.

(5)

### SECTION C

**Q11. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:.**

(3)

Yet have I killed

The seed I spent or sown it where

The land is his and none of mine?

We speak like strangers, there's no sign

Of understanding in the air.

This child is built to my design

Yet what he loves I cannot share.

i. What does the father feel in the given lines?

- a) That his son is responsible for the situation
- b) That he is responsible for the situation
- c) That no one can be blamed for the situation
- d) That he himself should correct the situation

ii. The child is built to my design means that

- a) they share their likes and dislikes
- b) they share an unbreakable bond
- c) they resemble each other
- d) their opinions are the same

iii. What is the rhyme scheme of the given lines?

- a) Abccbcb
- b) Abcabca
- c) Ababacc
- d) None of these

Or

Where did my childhood go?  
It went to some forgotten place,  
That's hidden in an infant's face,  
That's all I know.

i. What belief does the poet hold in the above Stanza?

1. That his childhood is lost forever.
2. That his childhood is hiding in the innocent face of an infant.
3. That his childhood is in his heart.
4. That he can bring back his childhood whenever he wants.

ii. What is the tone/ mood of the poet in the given lines?

1. Regret
2. Nostalgia
3. Confusion
4. Depressed

iii. What does the poet mean by 'that's' all I know?

1. He knew that only a child can only be innocent.
2. He knew that his childhood was lost forever.
3. He knew that the childhood innocence can only be seen in a baby's face.

**Q12. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:.**

**(3)**

I would tell her English words and little things of western science and learning, the law of gravity, Archimedes' Principle, the world being round, etc. This made her unhappy. She could not help me with my lessons. She did not believe in the things they taught at the English school and was distressed that there was no teaching about God and the scriptures.

i. Why grandmother of author could not help author with his lessons?

- a) she did not want to
- b) she did not know the subjects
- c) author did not want her to help him
- d) author did not talk to her

ii. According to the extract, which of the following were not told by the author to his grandmother

1. English words
2. French wordsii
3. law of gravity
4. world being flat
5. energy conservation principles

a) 2, 4 and 5

b) 1, 3 and 5

c) 2, 5 and 4

d) 1, 4 and 3

iii. Grandmother was unhappy with school because of

- a) no teaching about God
- b) no teaching about scriptures
- c) no teaching about God and no teaching about scriptures
- d) none of these

Or.

We had survived for 15 hours since the wave hit, but Wavewalker wouldn't hold together long enough for us to reach Australia. I checked our charts and calculated that there were two small Islands a few km to the east. One of them Ile Amsterdam, was a French scientific base. Our only hope was to reach the pinpricks in

the vast Ocean. But unless the wind and seas abated so we could hoist sail, our chances would be slim indeed. The great wave had put our auxiliary engine out of the action.

i. The 'pinpricks in the vast Ocean ' refers to....

1. Boats
2. Occupants of the boat
3. Continents
4. Two small Islands

ii. Why does the narrator of the given lines say that "our chances will be slim"?

1. They will all die due to cold.
2. Their ship will sink because of the damage.
3. The weather was worsening while they were sinking.
4. They were all badly injured.

iii. What happened to Wavewalker?

1. It's damaged due to storm
2. It got sinked
3. It is got robbed.

**Q13. .Read the text carefully and answer the questions:.**

**4**

This was the wonderful part.

In the second place, we were poor.

This was the part that wouldn't permit me to believe what I saw.

We were poor. We had no money. Our whole tribe was poverty-stricken. Every branch of the Garoghlanian family was living in the most amazing and comical poverty in the world. Nobody could understand where we ever got money enough to keep us with food in our bellies, not even the old men of the family.

i. This was a wonderful part. Here, this refers to:

- a) his cousin Mourad sneaking in his house
- b) his desire to own a horse getting fulfilled
- c) his cousin Mourad with a horse
- d) his desire to ride a horse getting fulfilled

ii. Why couldn't the narrator believe what he saw?

- a) No one in their family-owned a horse.
- b) No one in the family could afford a horse.
- c) No one from their family would steal a horse.
- d) No one knew about the horse.

iii. When the narrators of the given lines says that Garoghlanian family was living in the most amazing and comical poverty in the world, his tone is:

- a)Sarcastic
- b)Suspicious
- c)Humorous
- d)Serious

Or

A few miners were already in the streets: the first of the night shift moving out. As Andrew walked with them, spent and slow, his footfalls echoing with the others under the morning sky, he kept thinking blindly, obviously to all other work he had done in Blaenelly, "I've done something: oh, God I have done something real at last."

i. Why were the miners in the street?

1. Their night shift had just finished
2. They were going for their shift.

3. They were out to look for some other work.

4. They had gathered for a protest.

ii. Why was Andrew oblivious to all other work he had done in Blaenelly?

1. Because he was very tired.

2. Because he was worried about his future.

3. Because he was talking to the miners.

4. Because he was thinking about the two lives he had just saved.

• Only 1

• 1 and 2

• Only 3

• Only 4

iii. "I've done something real at last". What is Andrew referring to?

1. His marriage with Catherine

2. His success at saving the mother and the stillborn child

3. His promotion

iv. The money he earned from the last visit.

Write down the synonym of 'obviously'.

**Q13. Answer any two questions:-**

**(6)**

1. What do you learn about the salt lake on the other side of the pass?

2. What moment does the photograph in the poem 'A Photograph' depict?

3. Why does the rain call itself 'impalpable' in the poem. 'voice of the rain'?

4. How is the tree transformed during the bird's visit in the poem ' Laburnum Top'?

**Q14. Answer this question.**

**(3)**

What makes the narrator to Mrs. Dorlings house twice? What was her experience there? Answer in the context of The Address.

**Q15. Answer any one question**

Satire can be an effective tool for social reform. Keeping the chapter The Tale of Melon City in mind, express your views on the above statement.

**(6)**

Or

Today a women shoulders all the household responsibilities as well as having to often work outside, but she is still exploited by the family members. Based on the chapter 'Mother's Day' and your own ideas, explain what changes are required in society to set this right.

Q 16. How did Rajendra Deshpande apply his theory of catastrophic experience regarding the Battle of Panipat?

**(6)**

Or

Describe the family lineage of King Tut. What changes did he bring about in his regin?